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| APPLICATION NO. FILING DATE | | FIRST NAMED INVENTOR | ATTORNEY DOCKET NO. | CONFIRMATION NO. | |
|----------------------------------|-------------------------------|----------------------|---------------------|------------------|--|
| 10/809,166 | 03/25/2004 | Jari Vallstrom | KOLS.100PA | 6817 | |
| Hollingsworth a | 7590 08/09/2007 & Funk LLC | EXAMINER | | | |
| Suite 125 | | | AJAYI, JOEL | | |
| 8009 34th Aver Minneapolis, M | | ART UNIT | PAPER NUMBER | | |
| | | 2617 | | | |
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| | | | MAIL DATE | DELIVERY MODE | |
| | • | | 08/09/2007 | PAPER | |

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

The time period for reply, if any, is set in the attached communication.

| | | | Application | No. | Applicant(s) | | | | | |
|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|
| Office Action Summary | | 10/809,166 | | VALLSTROM ET AL. | | | | | | |
| | | Examiner | | Art Unit | | | | | | |
| | | | Joel Ajayi | | 2617 | | | | | |
| | The MAILING DATE of this communication appears on the cover sheet with the correspondence address Period for Reply | | | | | | | | | |
| WHIC - Exter after - If NO - Failu Any I | ORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR HEVER IS LONGER, FROM THE MISSIONS OF time may be available under the provision SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this comperiod for reply is specified above, the maximum set to reply within the set or extended period for reply received by the Office later than three months departed term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b). | MAILING DA s of 37 CFR 1.13 munication. statutory period w y will, by statute, | ATE OF THIS 36(a). In no event, vill apply and will excause the applicat | COMMUNICATION however, may a reply be tin spire SIX (6) MONTHS from ion to become ABANDONE | N. Nely filed the mailing date of this communication D (35 U.S.C. § 133). | | | | | |
| Status | | | | | | | | | | |
| 1)⊠ | Responsive to communication(s) fil | led on <u>23 Ar</u> | oril 2007. | | | | | | | |
| 2a)⊠ | This action is FINAL. | 2b) This | action is non | -final. | | | | | | |
| 3) 🗌 | Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is | | | | | | | | | |
| | closed in accordance with the practice under Ex parte Quayle, 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213. | | | | | | | | | |
| Dispositi | on of Claims | | | | | | | | | |
| 4)⊠ | 4)⊠ Claim(s) <u>1-30</u> is/are pending in the application. | | | | | | | | | |
| | 4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdrawn from consideration. | | | | | | | | | |
| 5)□ | 5) Claim(s) is/are allowed. | | | | | | | | | |
| • | 6)⊠ Claim(s) <u>1-30</u> is/are rejected. | | | | | | | | | |
| • | 7) Claim(s) is/are objected to. | | | | | | | | | |
| 8) | Claim(s) are subject to restr | iction and/o | r election req | uirement. | | | | | | |
| Applicati | on Papers | | | | • | | | | | |
| 9) 🗌 | The specification is objected to by t | he Examine | r. | | | | | | | |
| 10) The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a) accepted or b) objected to by the Examiner. | | | | | | | | | | |
| | Applicant may not request that any objection to the drawing(s) be held in abeyance. See 37 CFR 1.85(a). | | | | | | | | | |
| Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correction is required if the drawing(s) is objected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d). | | | | | | | | | | |
| 11) The oath or declaration is objected to by the Examiner. Note the attached Office Action or form PTO-152. | | | | | | | | | | |
| Priority (| ınder 35 U.S.C. § 119 | | | | | | | | | |
| 12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d) or (f). a) All b) Some * c) None of: | | | | | | | | | | |
| • | 1. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received. | | | | | | | | | |
| | 2. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No | | | | | | | | | |
| | 3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority documents have been received in this National Stage | | | | | | | | | |
| application from the International Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)). | | | | | | | | | | |
| * See the attached detailed Office action for a list of the certified copies not received. | | | | | | | | | | |
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| Attachmer | | | | \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ | , (PTO: 413) | | | | | |
| | ce of References Cited (PTO-892) ce of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review | (PTO-948) | |) Interview Summary Paper No(s)/Mail D | ate | | | | | |
| 3) 🔲 Info | mation Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO/SB/08 er No(s)/Mail Date | | |) | Patent Application | | | | | |
| 1 apos 110(0)/mail bato | | | | | | | | | | |

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DETAILED ACTION

This action is in response to Applicant's amendment filed on April 23, 2007. Claims 1-30 are still pending in the present application. This action is made FINAL.

Response to Arguments

Applicant's arguments filed April 23, 2007 have been fully considered but they are not persuasive.

The argument features establishing an outside connection, giving a control command for adjusting an outside LPRF connection activity.

The examiner respectfully disagrees with the applicant's statement and asserts that Hamalainen et al. discusses a control device that controls the devices within a Bluetooth network. The network comprises of several piconets, whereby the devices within the piconets communicate with each other (paragraph 23, line 8 - paragraph 25, line 23) e.g. it is possible to output information from a portable computer via the Bluetooth network and an external telecommunication network (outside LPRF connection) to a printer that is located in a different town (paragraph 8, lines 5-9). Hamalainen et al. enables centralized control of a plurality of low-power radio frequency networks, whereby calls can be switched to a plurality of different low-power networks, when necessary (paragraph 12, lines 8-12); this means that a control command is given to adjust the connection when needed.

The argument features pausing the established outside LPRF connection activity.

The examiner respectfully disagrees with the applicant's statement and asserts that Cho discusses the usage of a hold mode when there is no need to send data in a relatively long period of time (paragraph 9, lines 5-7).

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The argument features the other LPRF connection being established between the core unit and the same peripheral unit that establishes the outside LPRF connection.

The examiner respectfully disagrees with the applicant's statement and asserts that Hamalainen et al. discusses that all Bluetooth devices are equal within the network, but the first device transmitting data in the network becomes a master, whose slaves all the other devices in the network are. However, the devices can change roles such that a slave becomes a new master whose slaves the old master and the other devices in the network are (paragraph 19, lines 6-14). In the second piconet, the access point is the master (control device), while the portable computer is the peripheral unit, which establishes a connection with the access point. The portable computer is the same peripheral unit that established the outside connection with a printer in a different town (paragraph 8, lines 5-9; paragraph 23, lines 8-21).

The argument features restricting use of the outside LPRF connection.

The examiner respectfully disagrees with the applicant's statement and asserts that Cho discusses transmitting and receiving data between the master and slaves only for a predetermined period of time (paragraph 9, lines 5-7).

The argument features the other LPRF connection being established between the core unit and a unit other than a peripheral unit of the radio system.

The examiner respectfully disagrees with the applicant's statement and asserts that Hamalainen et al. discusses devices that can be controlled from the Bluetooth network, the access point (core unit in this instance, which is a component of the second piconet); where it is possible to output information from a portable computer via the Bluetooth network and an

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external telecommunication network to a printer (a unit other than a peripheral unit in the second piconet) (paragraph 8, lines 3-9; paragraph 23, lines 8-21).

The argument features evidence of motivation to combine Cho and Hamalainen.

The examiner respectfully disagrees with the applicant's statement and asserts that Cho's invention involves a wireless communication method for preventing communication interference (paragraph 13, lines 1-10), and Hamalainen's invention involves controlling LPRF networks, which is used in order to reduce interference (paragraph 25, lines 1-5). Therefore, it would have been obvious to a person of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to incorporate the teachings of Hamalainen into the method of Cho in order to reduce interference.

In view of the above, the rejections using Cho and Hamalainen are maintained as repeated below.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:

(a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.

This application currently names joint inventors. In considering patentability of the claims under 35 U.S.C. 103(a), the examiner presumes that the subject matter of the various claims was commonly owned at the time any inventions covered therein were made absent any evidence to the contrary. Applicant is advised of the obligation under 37 CFR 1.56 to point out the inventor and invention dates of each claim that was not commonly owned at the time a later

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invention was made in order for the examiner to consider the applicability of 35 U.S.C. 103(c) and potential 35 U.S.C. 102(e), (f) or (g) prior art under 35 U.S.C. 103(a).

The factual inquiries set forth in *Graham* v. *John Deere Co.*, 383 U.S. 1, 148 USPQ 459 (1966), that are applied for establishing a background for determining obviousness under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) are summarized as follows:

- 1. Determining the scope and contents of the prior art.
- 2. Ascertaining the differences between the prior art and the claims at issue.
- 3. Resolving the level of ordinary skill in the pertinent art.
- 4. Considering objective evidence present in the application indicating obviousness or nonobviousness.

Claims 1-30 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Cho (U.S. Patent Application Number: 2003/0045242) in view of Hamalainen et al. (U.S. Patent Application Number: 2002/0061744).

Consider claim 1; Cho clearly discloses a method of interference control in a radio terminal equipment arrangement comprising: a cellular core unit and at least one peripheral unit, the cellular core unit communicating with a peripheral (paragraph 6, line 1- paragraph 7, line 9; paragraph 9, lines 1-12), the method comprising: establishing a connection to a unit other than the core unit by a peripheral unit (paragraph 6, line 1- paragraph 7, line 9; paragraph 9, lines 1-12); giving a command by the core unit for adjusting the connection activity of the peripheral unit when another connection needs to be established by the core unit, the other connection operating on the same frequency band as the outside connection of the peripheral unit (paragraph 6, line 1- paragraph 7, line 9; paragraph 9, lines 1-12); and adjusting the connection activity of the peripheral unit based on the control command received from the core unit (paragraph 6, line 1- paragraph 7, line 9; paragraph 9, lines 1-12).

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Except:

Using a wireless low power radio frequency (LPRF), giving a control command, and establishing an outside connection.

In the same field of endeavor Hamalainen clearly discloses using a wireless low power radio frequency (LPRF), giving a control command (control data), and establishing an outside connection (paragraph 5, lines 1-7; paragraph 8, lines 3-9; paragraph 19, lines 6-14; paragraph 23, line 8 - paragraph 25, line 23).

Therefore, it would have been obvious to a person of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to incorporate the teachings of Hamalainen into the method of Cho in order to reduce interference.

Consider claim 16; Cho clearly discloses a radio terminal equipment arrangement (paragraph 6, line 1- paragraph 7, line 9; paragraph 9, lines 1-12) comprising: a cellular core unit and at least one peripheral unit, the cellular core unit being configured to communicate with a peripheral unit using a connection, a peripheral unit being configured to establish a connection to a unit other than the core unit (paragraph 6, line 1- paragraph 7, line 9; paragraph 9, lines 1-12), wherein the core unit is further configured to give a control command for adjusting the connection activity of the peripheral unit when another connection needs to be established by the core unit, the other connection operating on the same frequency band as the connection of the peripheral unit (paragraph 6, line 1- paragraph 7, line 9; paragraph 9, lines 1-12); and the peripheral unit is configured to adjust the connection activity based on the control command received from the core unit (paragraph 6, line 1- paragraph 7, line 9; paragraph 9, lines 1-12). Except:

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Using a wireless low power radio frequency (LPRF), giving a control command, and establishing an outside connection.

In the same field of endeavor Hamalainen clearly discloses using a wireless low power radio frequency (LPRF), giving a control command (control data), and establishing an outside connection (paragraph 5, lines 1-7; paragraph 8, lines 3-9; paragraph 19, lines 6-14; paragraph 23, line 8 - paragraph 25, line 23).

Therefore, it would have been obvious to a person of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to incorporate the teachings of Hamalainen into the method of Cho in order to reduce interference.

Consider claims 2 and 17; Cho discloses establishing the other LPRF connection (new connection) by the core unit (master device) after the outside LPRF connection activity of the peripheral unit (slave device) has been adjusted (paragraph 6, line 1- paragraph 7, line 9).

Consider claims 3 and 18; Cho discloses that before establishing the outside LPRF connection (in order to construct a new connection), the method further comprising informing the core unit about the outside LPRF connection being established (paragraph 6, line 1-paragraph 7, line 9).

Consider claims 4, 11, 19, and 26; Cho discloses periodically pausing the established outside LPRF connection activity (hold mode) and communicating with the core unit during the pause in order to resolve whether the core unit has control commands for the peripheral unit for adjusting the outside LPRF connection activity (park mode) (paragraph 9, lines 1-12).

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Consider claims 5 and 20; Cho discloses using a Bluetooth sleep mode techniques (hold, sniff, park) in order to resolve whether the core unit has control commands for adjusting the outside LPRF connection activity (paragraph 9, lines 1-12).

Consider claims 6 and 21; Hamalainen discloses that the other LPRF connection being established between the core unit (access point) and a peripheral unit (portable computer) (paragraph 23, lines 8-25).

Consider claims 7 and 22; Hamalainen discloses that the other LPRF connection being established between the core unit and the same peripheral unit that establishes the outside LPRF connection (printer) (paragraph 8, lines 5-9; paragraph 23, lines 8-25).

Consider claims 8 and 23; Hamalainen discloses that the other LPRF connection being established between the core unit and a unit other than a peripheral unit of the radio system (external telecommunication network) (paragraph 8, lines 5-9).

Consider claims 9 and 24; Cho discloses the step of adjusting the outside LPRF connection comprising decreasing the power of the outside LPRF connection (power saving modes) (paragraph 9, lines 1-12).

Consider claims 10 and 25; Cho discloses the step of adjusting the outside LPRF connection comprising restricting use of the outside LPRF connection (the devise are allowed to transmit and receive data only for a predetermined period of time) (paragraph 9, lines 7-9).

Consider claims 12-14, 27-29; Hamalainen discloses that the outside LPRF connection or the other LPRF connection is a WLAN connection (Hamalainen, paragraph 6, line 1- paragraph 7, line 11).

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Consider claims 15 and 30; Cho discloses informing the core unit when the outside LPRF connection ends (the master/core unit communicates and negotiates with the slave devices, this is done for a predetermined time period, therefore when the time period ends the master/core unit is informed) (paragraph 11, lines 1-11).

Conclusion

Accordingly, **THIS ACTION IS MADE FINAL**. See MPEP § 706.07(a). Applicant is reminded of the extension of time policy as set forth in 37 CFR 1.136(a).

A shortened statutory period for reply to this final action is set to expire THREE MONTHS from the mailing date of this action. In the event a first reply is filed within TWO MONTHS of the mailing date of this final action and the advisory action is not mailed until after the end of the THREE-MONTH shortened statutory period, then the shortened statutory period will expire on the date the advisory action is mailed, and any extension fee pursuant to 37 CFR 1.136(a) will be calculated from the mailing date of the advisory action. In no event, however, will the statutory period for reply expire later than SIX MONTHS from the date of this final action.

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the Examiner should be directed to Joel Ajayi whose telephone number is (571) 270-1091. The Examiner can normally be reached on Monday-Thursday from 7:30am to 5:00pm and Friday 7:30am to 4:00 pm.

If attempts to reach the Examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the Examiner's supervisor, Charles Appiah can be reached on (571) 272-7904. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is (571) 273-8300.

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Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free) or 703-305-3028.

Any inquiry of a general nature or relating to the status of this application or proceeding should be directed to the receptionist/customer service whose telephone number is (571) 272-2600.

Joel Ajayi

July 24, 2007